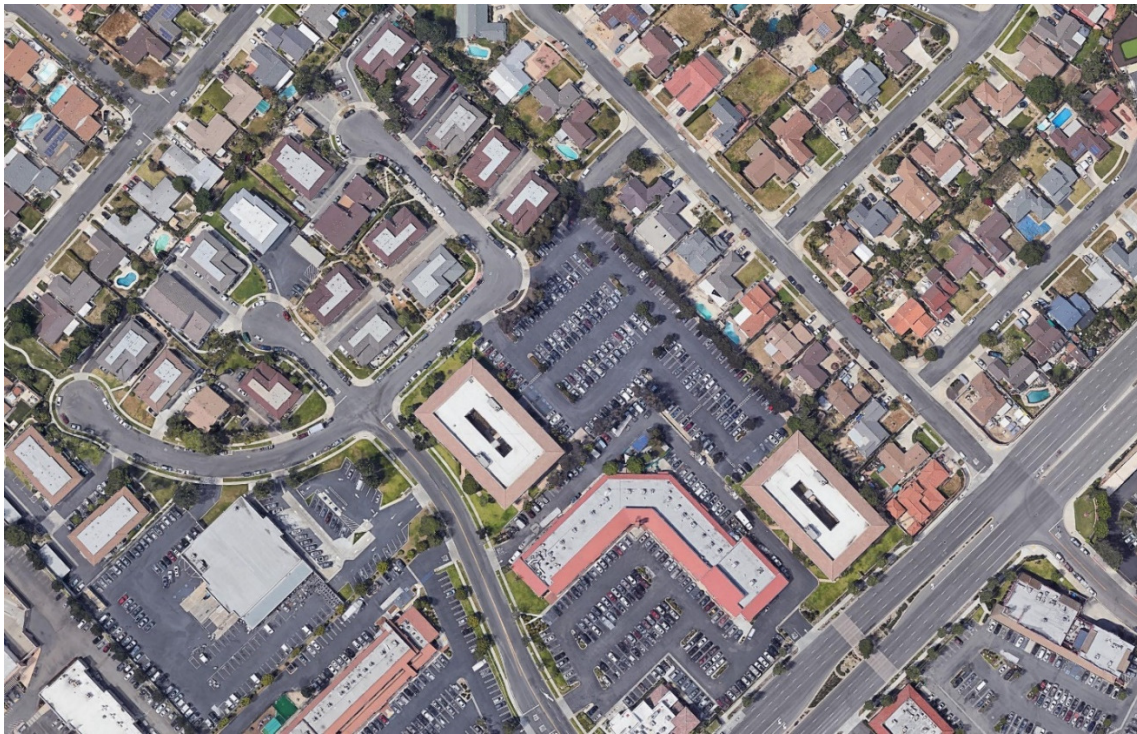


PRELIMINARY HYDROLOGY REPORT MOUNTAIN VIEW AFFORDABLE HOUSING COMMUNITY

24551 RAYMOND WAY, LAKE FOREST, CA

May 12, 2020



PREPARED FOR:

National CORE

PREPARED BY:

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Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is to assess the project site, identify the pre-development and post-development drainage conditions, and identify storm water facilities to meet the requirements of the Orange County Hydrology Manual (Orange County Environmental Management Agency, 1986). The Mountain View Affordable Housing Community project proposes to demolish an existing commercial building and construct a single three- to four-story multifamily housing facility and associated parking.

Location

The proposed affordable housing project is located at 24551 Raymond Way in Lake Forest, California on a 3.76 acre site which has been previously developed. Currently the site contains two existing commercial buildings and a surface parking lot. The proposed project includes a lot split dividing the parcel into two separate parcels. The proposed development will occur on Parcel 1. Other than required stormwater treatment measures, no development is proposed on Parcel 2. The proposed development on Parcel 1 includes the demolition of the existing commercial building and the construction of a single building varying from three to four stories in height. The building will contain 71 residential units and a community center. A playground, teen center, and barbeque area are proposed outside of the building. The existing parking lot will be reconfigured for the change in use of the site. See the project vicinity map in Figure 1 below.

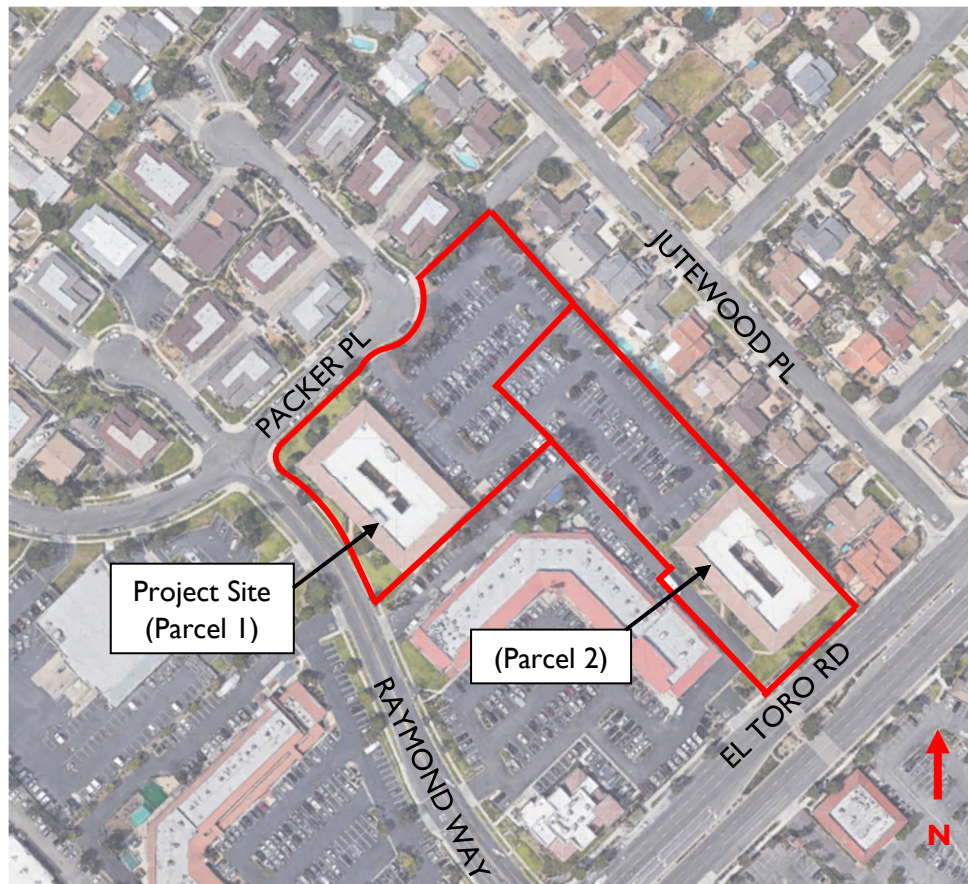


Figure 1. Project Vicinity Map

Background

The site is currently occupied by a commercial building and a parking lot. Soils belong to Hydrologic Soil Group D, see Orange County Soils Map (Orange County Environmental Management Agency, 1986) in Attachment I.

Currently, drainage sheet flows from the parking lot in a northwesterly direction toward Packer Place, see Existing Hydrology Map, Exhibit A. Runoff from Drainage Area X1 flows out of the existing driveway into the curb and gutter on Packer Place. Eventually, runoff enters the municipal storm drain system through a curb inlet at the end of Bendricon Lane. Runoff from Drainage Area X2 from the building flows overland in a westerly direction toward Raymond Way where it enters the municipal storm drain system through an inlet near the easterly corner of the Raymond Way and Packer Place intersection. Runoff from Drainage Area X3 flows to El Toro Road and enters the municipal storm drain system through an inlet on El Toro Road. The drainage boundary for this analysis will follow the property line as depicted in the Existing Hydrology Map, Exhibit A.

Time of Concentration

The existing and proposed time of concentrations for each drainage area are shown in Table I. Calculations are provided in Attachment 3.

Table I. Time of Concentration

Drainage Area	Time of Concentration (min)
X1	7.3
X2	6.3
X3	6.4
A	10.0
B	7.9

Proposed Development

The proposed development will maintain existing drainage patterns and discharge locations, see Proposed Hydrology Map, Exhibit B. To address stormwater quality and retention, dry well BMPs have been chosen for the site due to limited flat permeable areas at the site that would allow other infiltration BMPs. Storage chambers are proposed to operate in-line with the dry wells and provide additional storage to meet the required retention volume, per the separate Post-Construction Stormwater Management Plan. Together, Parcels 1 and 2 have been divided into three drainage areas: A, B and X3.

- Runoff from drainage area 'A' will be collected by the on-site storm drain system and directed to a dry well system near the southern corner of the site. Overflow from the dry well and storage chamber system will flow out through the curb and enter the municipal storm drain system through inlets located near the eastern corner of the Raymond Way/Packer Place intersection.
- Runoff from drainage area 'B' will flow overland through the parking lot and be collected by the on-site storm drain system which will outlet into a dry well and storage chamber system near the driveway entry to the site. Overflow from the dry wells will outlet through the curb face on Packer Place. Runoff will enter the municipal storm drain system through an inlet at the end of the Bendricon Lane cul-de-sac.

- Runoff from drainage area 'X3' will flow to the southeast and be captured in a proposed dry well and chamber system. Overflow will continue to flow toward El Toro Road as it has historically.

The site currently falls in Zone 'X' with a minimal chance of flood hazard according to FEMA NFHL, see Attachment 2 for FIRMette download from FEMA interactive maps (Federal Emergency Management Agency, 2009).

Method of Analysis

The approach to analyze the runoff from the project site follows the Orange County Hydrology Manual requirements. The hydrologic analysis is a comparison of the pre-project condition to the post-project condition.

The proposed project will increase the time of concentration from 7.3 minutes to 10 minutes. See calculation in Attachment 3. This increase in time of concentration results in a reduced peak flow generated from the project site and eliminates the need for detention.

The method of analysis as described in the Orange County Hydrology Manual for local facilities utilized for this project is the Rational Method as outlined in Section D of the manual.

Step 1. Draw drainage area on a topographic map. See Exhibits A and B.

Step 2. Determine Time of Concentration. See Attachment 3.

Step 3. Determine Intensity from Figure B-3. See Attachment 4.

Step 4. Calculate area-averaged maximum loss rate, F_m . See Attachment 4.

$$F_m = a_p F_p \text{ (equation C.7 from OC Hydrology Manual)}$$

a_p = fraction of pervious area coverage F_p = maximum loss rate of pervious area from table C.2.

TABLE C.2. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE PERVIOUS AREA LOSS RATES (inch/hour), F_p				
SOIL GROUP:	A	B	C	D
F_p :	0.40	0.30	0.25	0.20

Step 5. Determine area of watershed tributary to the point of concentration. See Exhibits A and B.

Step 6. Compute peak flows for the point of concentration for each storm event. See calculations in Attachment 4 and a summary in Tables 2, 3 and 4.

$$Q = 0.90(I - F_m)A$$

Table 2. Peak Flows to Raymond Way

Storm Event	Existing Q (cfs)	Proposed Q (cfs)
10-Year	1.95	1.68
25-Year	2.33	2.01
100-Year	3.00	2.58

Table 3. Peak Flows to Packer Place

Storm Event	Existing Q (cfs)	Proposed Q (cfs)
10-Year	7.62	7.09
25-Year	9.10	8.46
100-Year	11.67	10.84

Table 4. Peak Flows to El Toro Road

Storm Event	Existing Q (cfs)	Proposed Q (cfs)
10-Year	1.58	1.58
25-Year	1.89	1.89
100-Year	2.44	2.44

Conclusions

Based on the findings of this report, the proposed drainage design for this project meets applicable standards and requirements of the Orange County Hydrology Manual. The proposed drainage plan is consistent with the historical drainage patterns for the site. There is an increase in the time of concentration decreasing the peak flow of runoff from the site. Therefore, the proposed development:

- Reduces the post-development peak flow of runoff to that of the pre-development rate for the hydrological analysis for all storm events at all outlet locations.

References

Federal Emergency Management Agency. (2009, December 3). *FEMA Flood Map Service Center*. Retrieved from <https://msc.fema.gov/>

Orange County Environmental Management Agency. (1986). *Orange County Hydrology Manual*.

EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT A

Pre-Development Hydrology Map

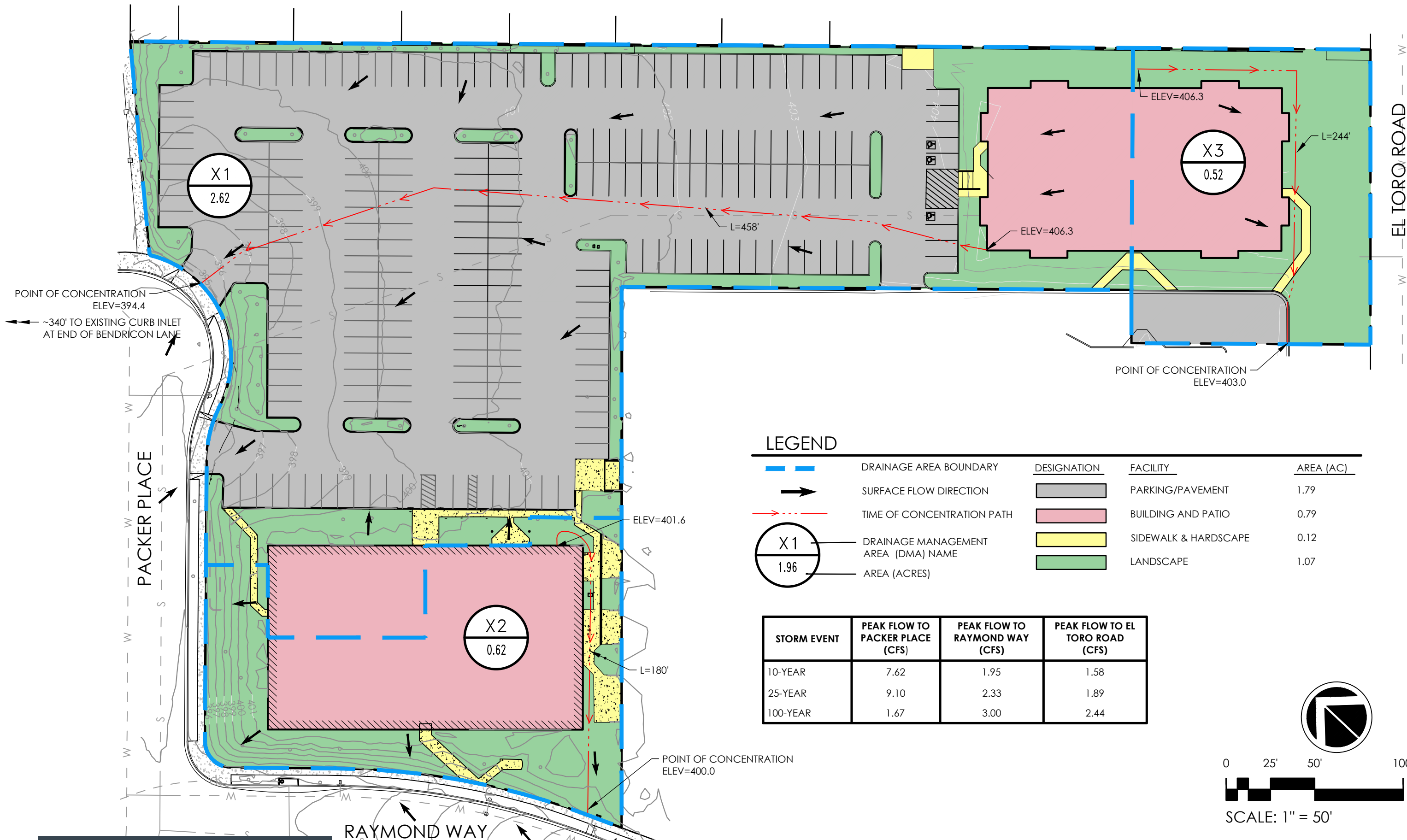
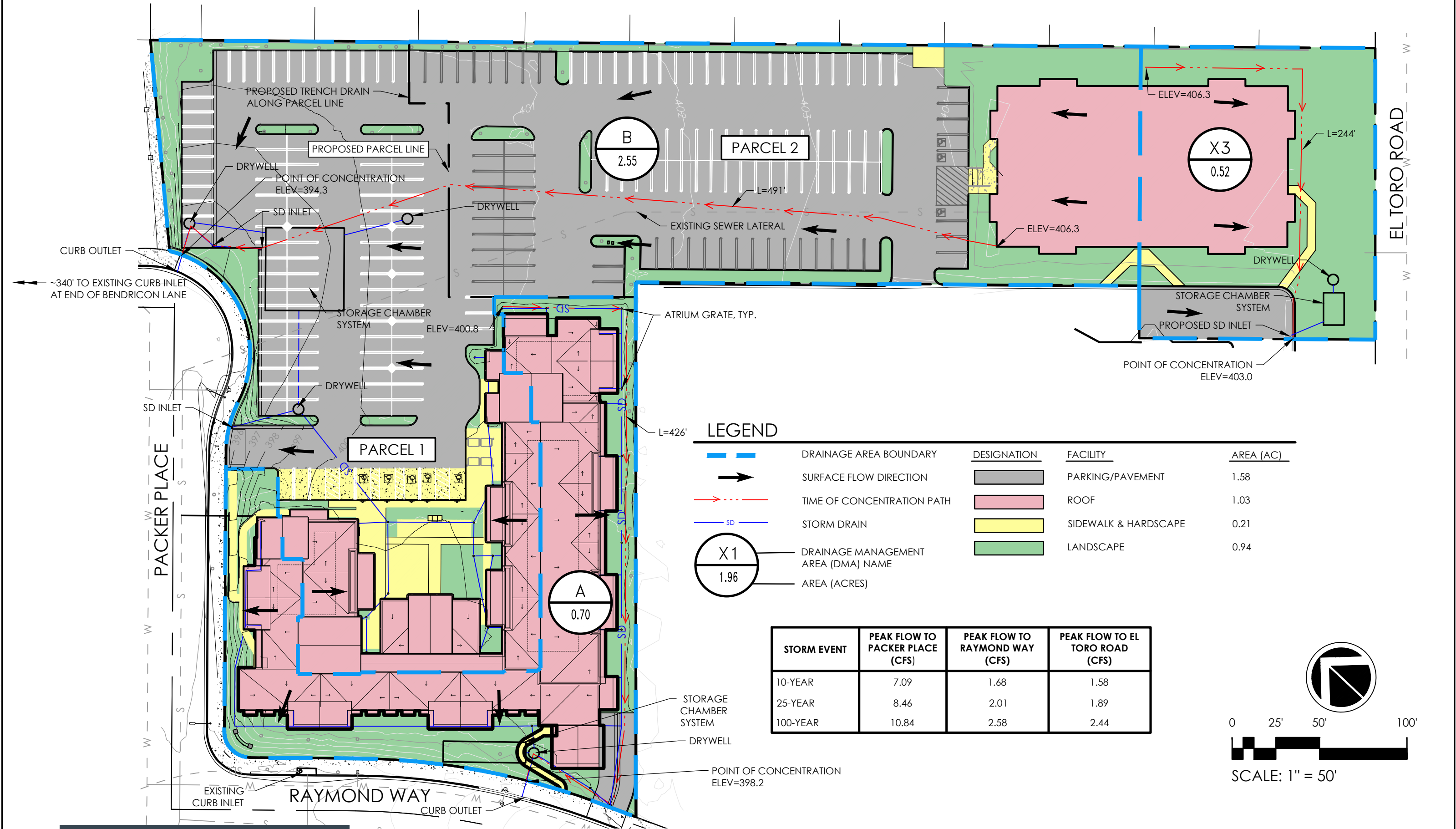


EXHIBIT B

Post-Development Hydrology Map

N:\16001\1604-02-25 19-2339-El-Toro-8d-Entirements-Arch-and-Landscape\Engineering\TMA\Stormwater\WQMP\Proposed Hydro-Entire Parcel.dwg, Hydro, May 12, 2020, 8:27am, A.D.Wile



MAY 11, 2020

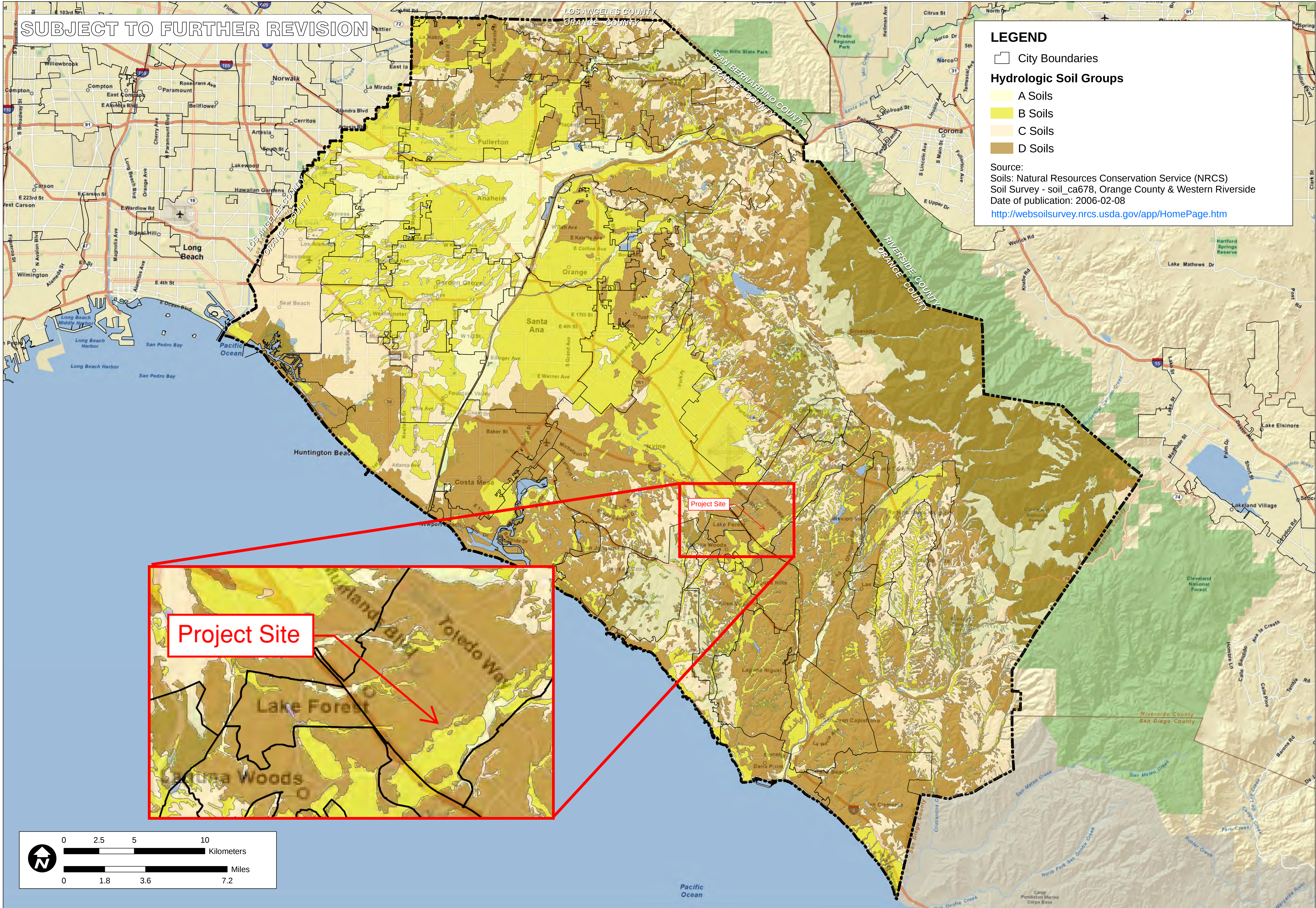
EXHIBIT B-PROPOSED HYDROLOGY MAP
24551 RAYMOND WAY, LAKE FOREST, CA

ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT 1

Soils Maps

P:\9526E\GIS\Mxds\Reports\Infiltration\Feasibility_20110215\9526E_FigureXVI-2a_HydroSoils_20110215.mxd



ORANGE COUNTY INFILTRATION STUDY		ORANGE CO.		CA	
TITLE		JOB		SCALE 1" = 1.8 miles	
DESIGNED TH		DRAWING TH		CHECKED BMP	
DATE 02/09/11		JOB NO. 9526-E		FIGURE	
PACE Advanced Water Engineering		XVI-2a			

ATTACHMENT 2

FEMA Flood Map

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS		Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
		With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
		Regulatory Floodway
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD		0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
		Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
		Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X
		Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D
OTHER AREAS		NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
		Effective LOMRs
		Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D
GENERAL STRUCTURES		Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
		Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
OTHER FEATURES		20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		17.5
		Coastal Transect
		Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
		Limit of Study
		Jurisdiction Boundary
		Coastal Transect Baseline
MAP PANELS		Digital Data Available
		No Digital Data Available
		Unmapped

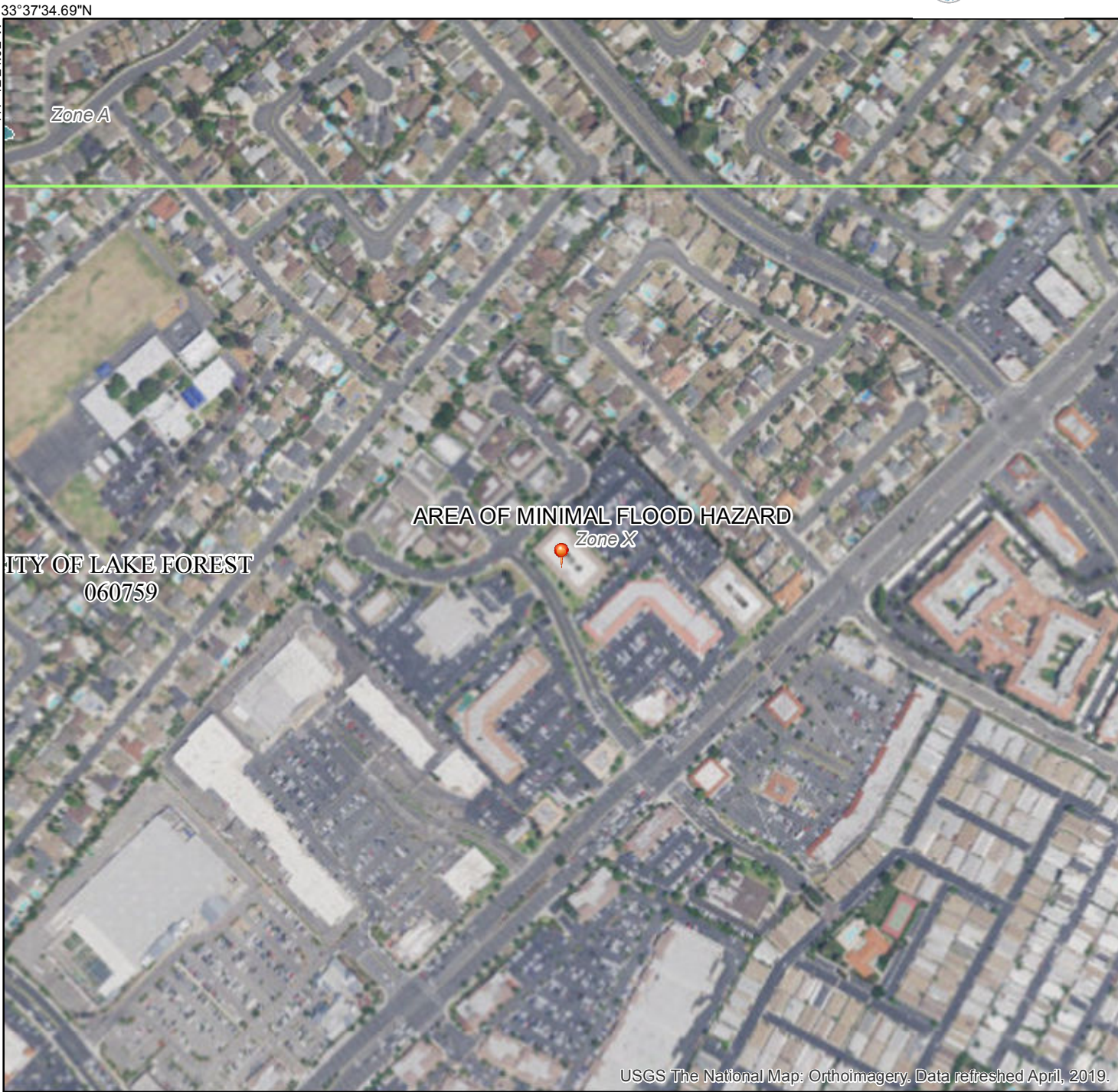


The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **11/7/2019 at 7:20:03 PM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

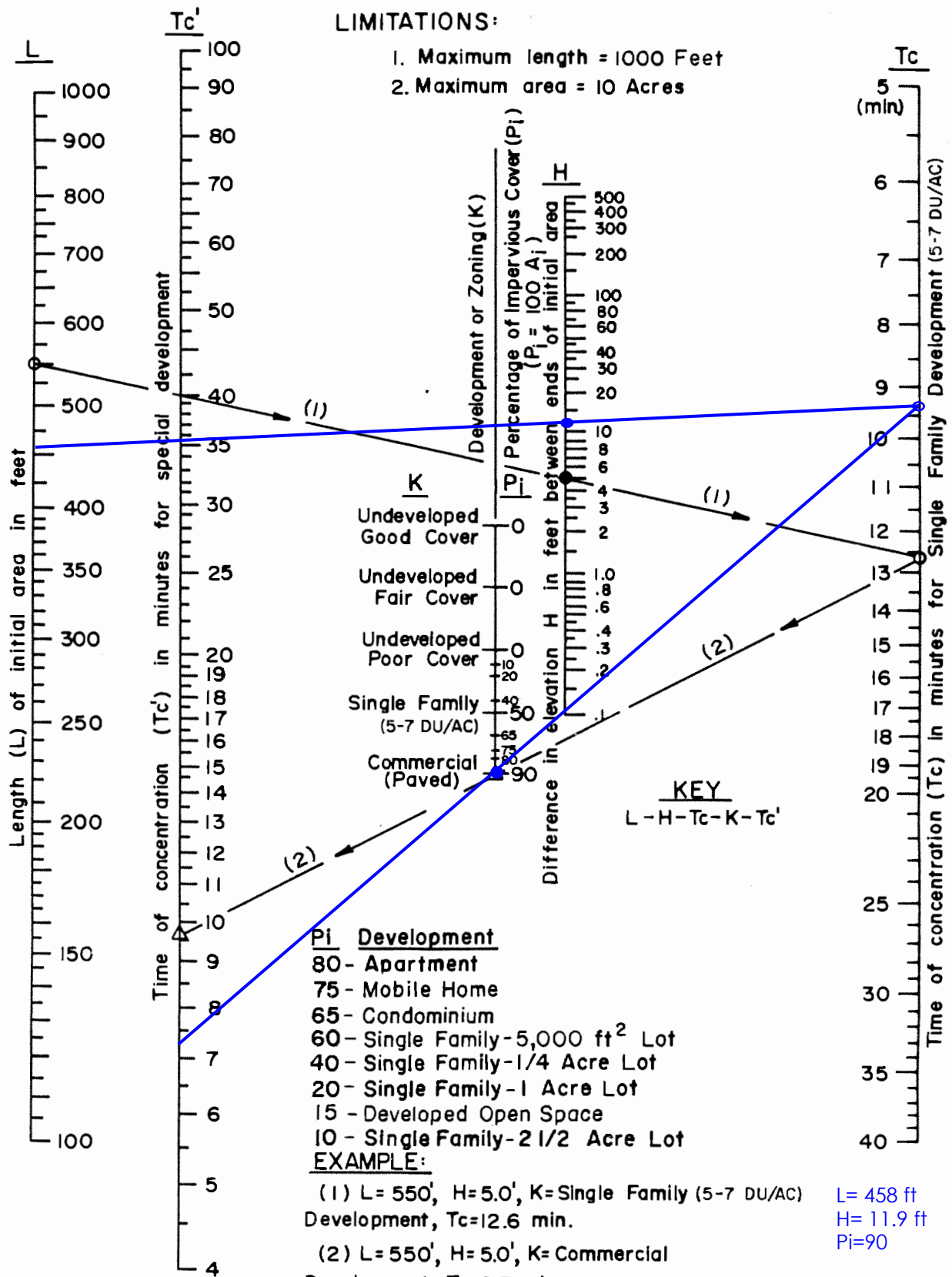


ATTACHMENT 3

Time of Concentration Nomograph

LIMITATIONS:

1. Maximum length = 1000 Feet
2. Maximum area = 10 Acres



ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

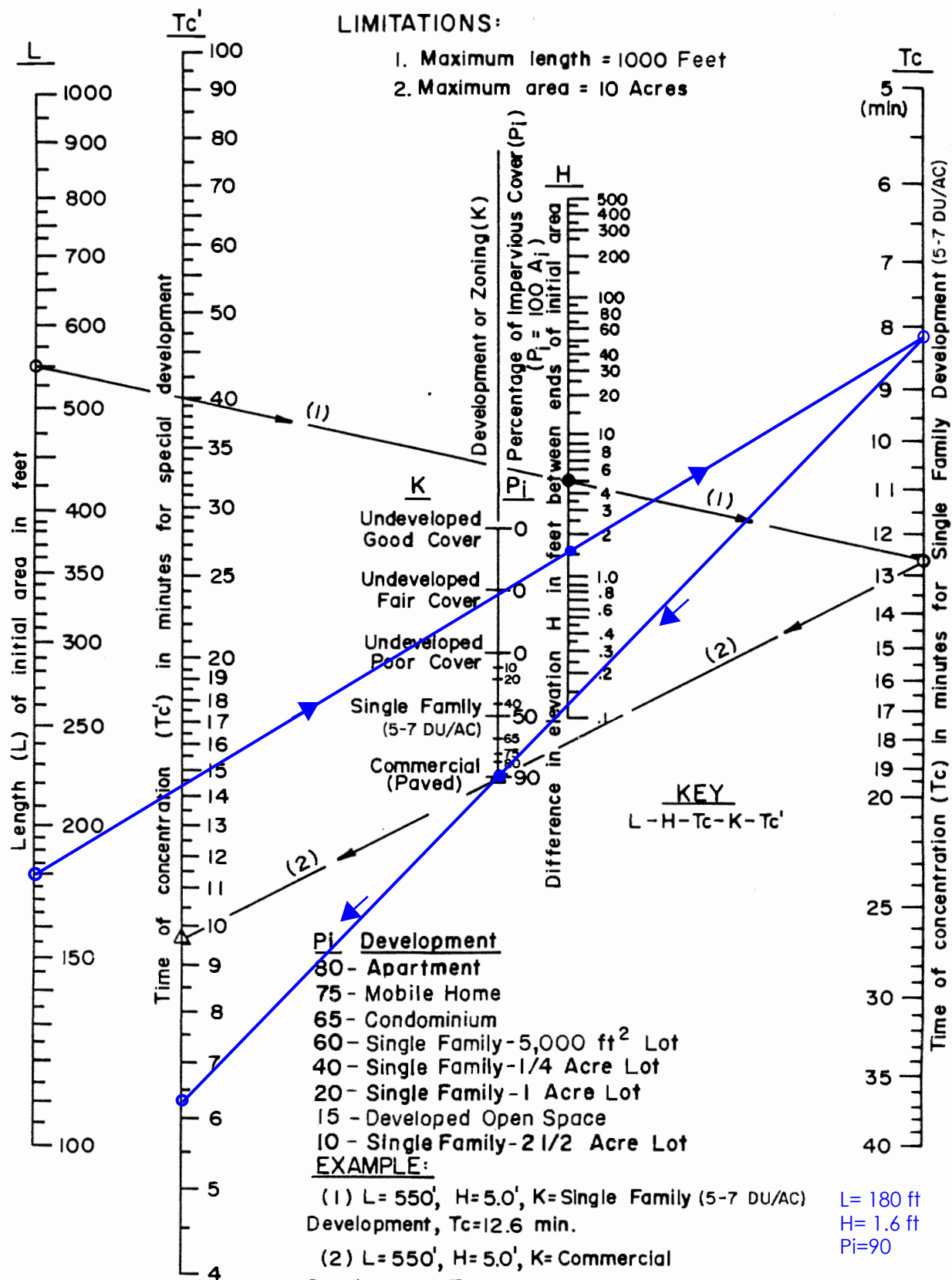
Existing Condition
Area X1

Tc' = 7.3 min

TIME OF CONCENTRATION
NOMOGRAPH
FOR INITIAL SUBAREA

LIMITATIONS:

1. Maximum length = 1000 Feet
2. Maximum area = 10 Acres



ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

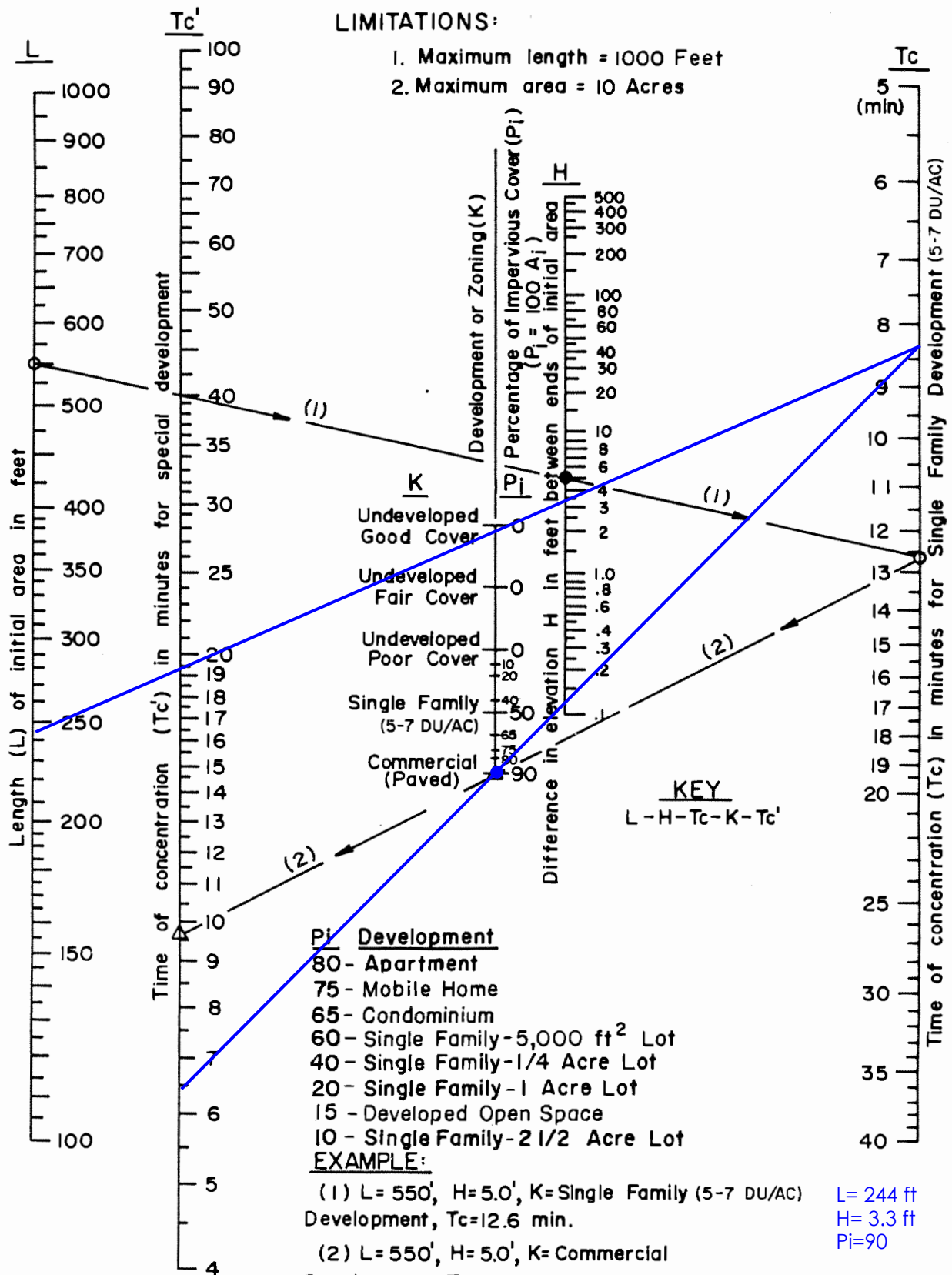
Existing Condition
Area X2

Tc' = 6.3 min

TIME OF CONCENTRATION
NOMOGRAPH
FOR INITIAL SUBAREA

LIMITATIONS:

1. Maximum length = 1000 Feet
2. Maximum area = 10 Acres



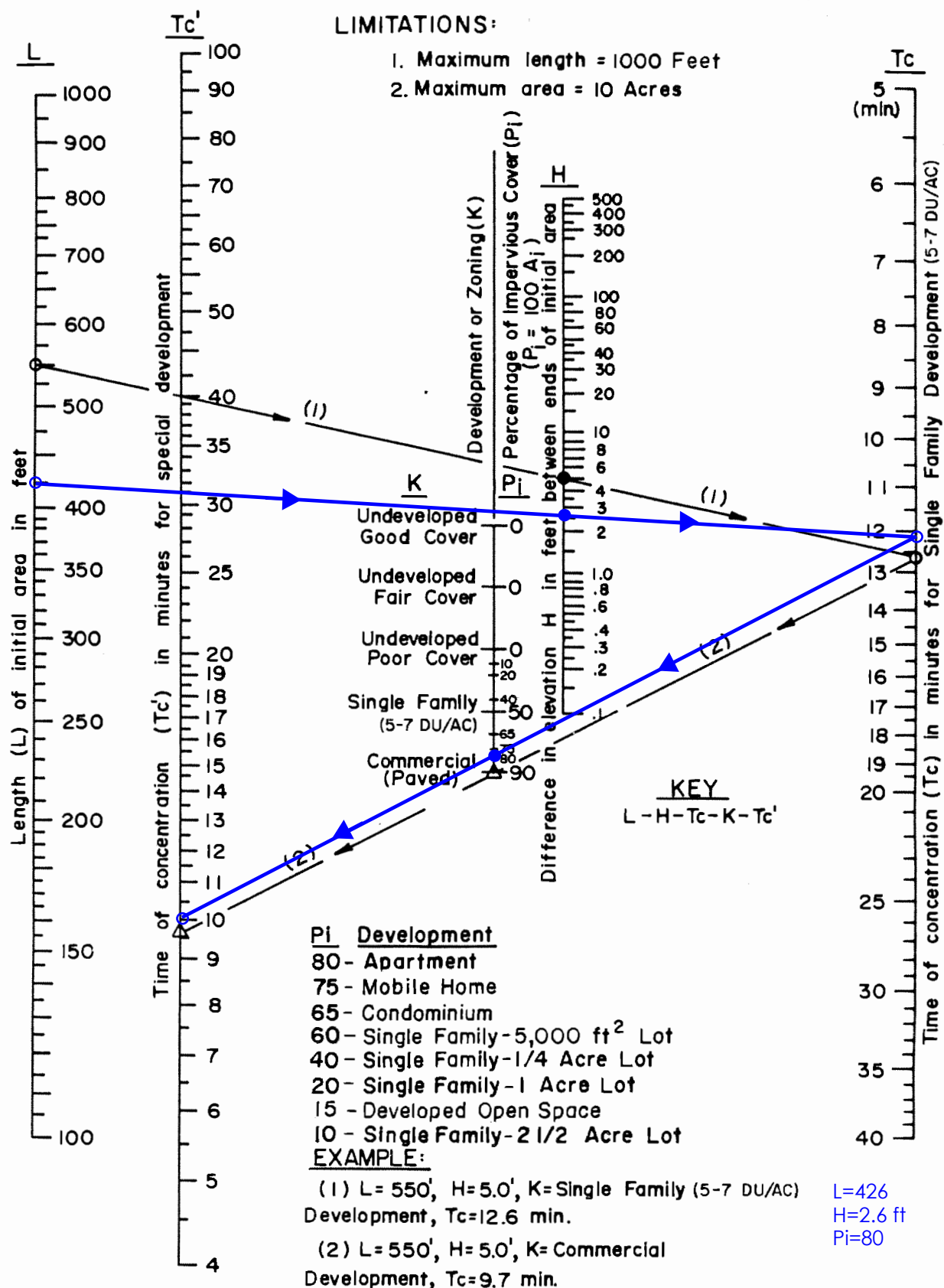
ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

Existing and Proposed
Condition
Area X3

Tc' = 6.4 min

TIME OF CONCENTRATION
NOMOGRAPH
FOR INITIAL SUBAREA

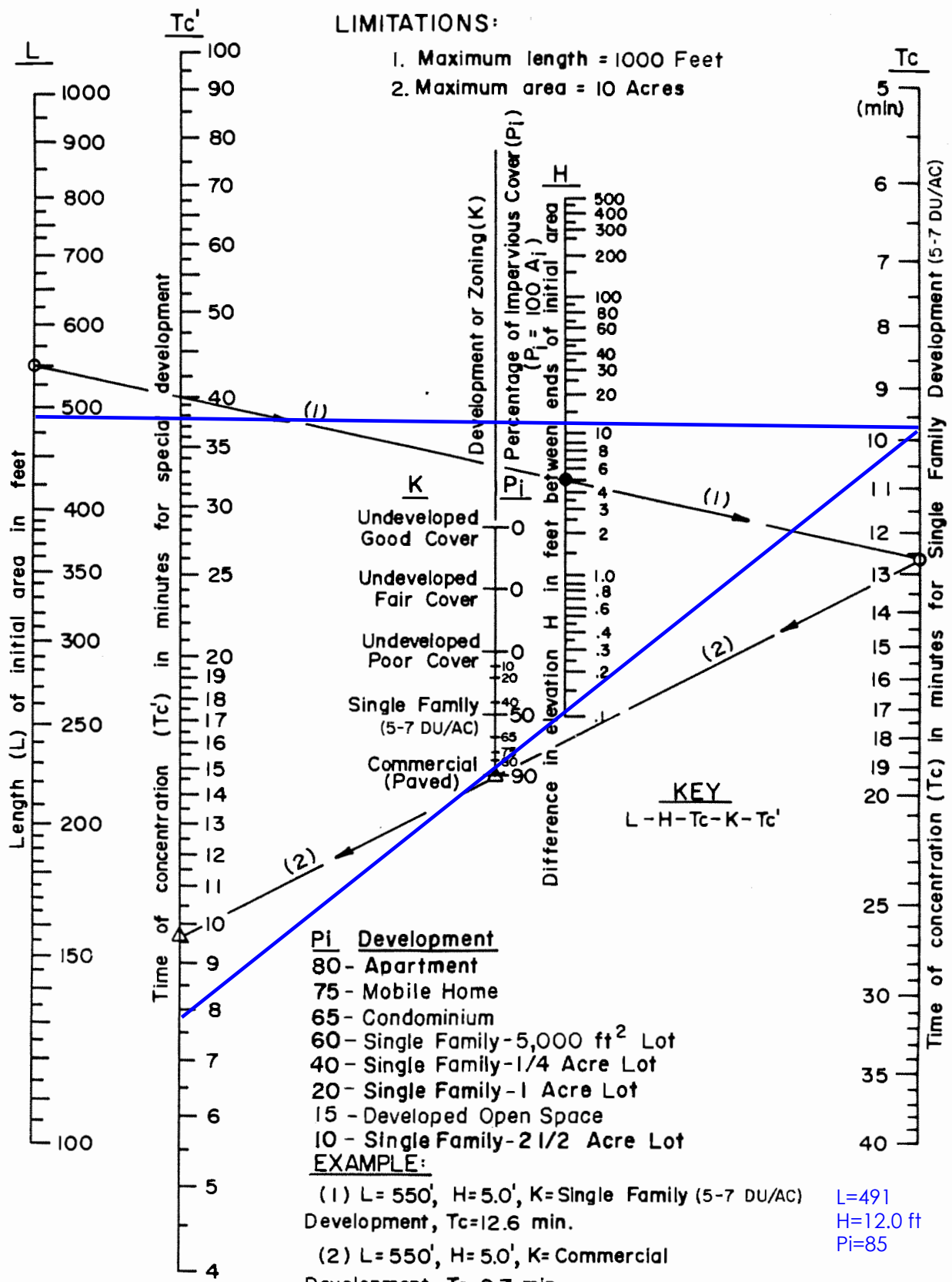
1. Maximum length = 1000 Feet
2. Maximum area = 10 Acres



Proposed Condition Area A

$T_c' = 10 \text{ min}$

TIME OF CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA



ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

Proposed Condition
Area B

$Tc' = 7.9 \text{ min}$

**TIME OF CONCENTRATION
NOMOGRAPH
FOR INITIAL SUBAREA**

ATTACHMENT 4

Hydrology Calculations

Regression Equations: $I(t) = at^b$
 (I= Intensity in inches/hour, t= duration in minutes)

Return Frequency (years)	a	b
2	5.702	-0.574
5	7.870	-0.562
10	10.209	-0.573
25	11.995	-0.566
50	13.521	-0.566
100	15.560	-0.573

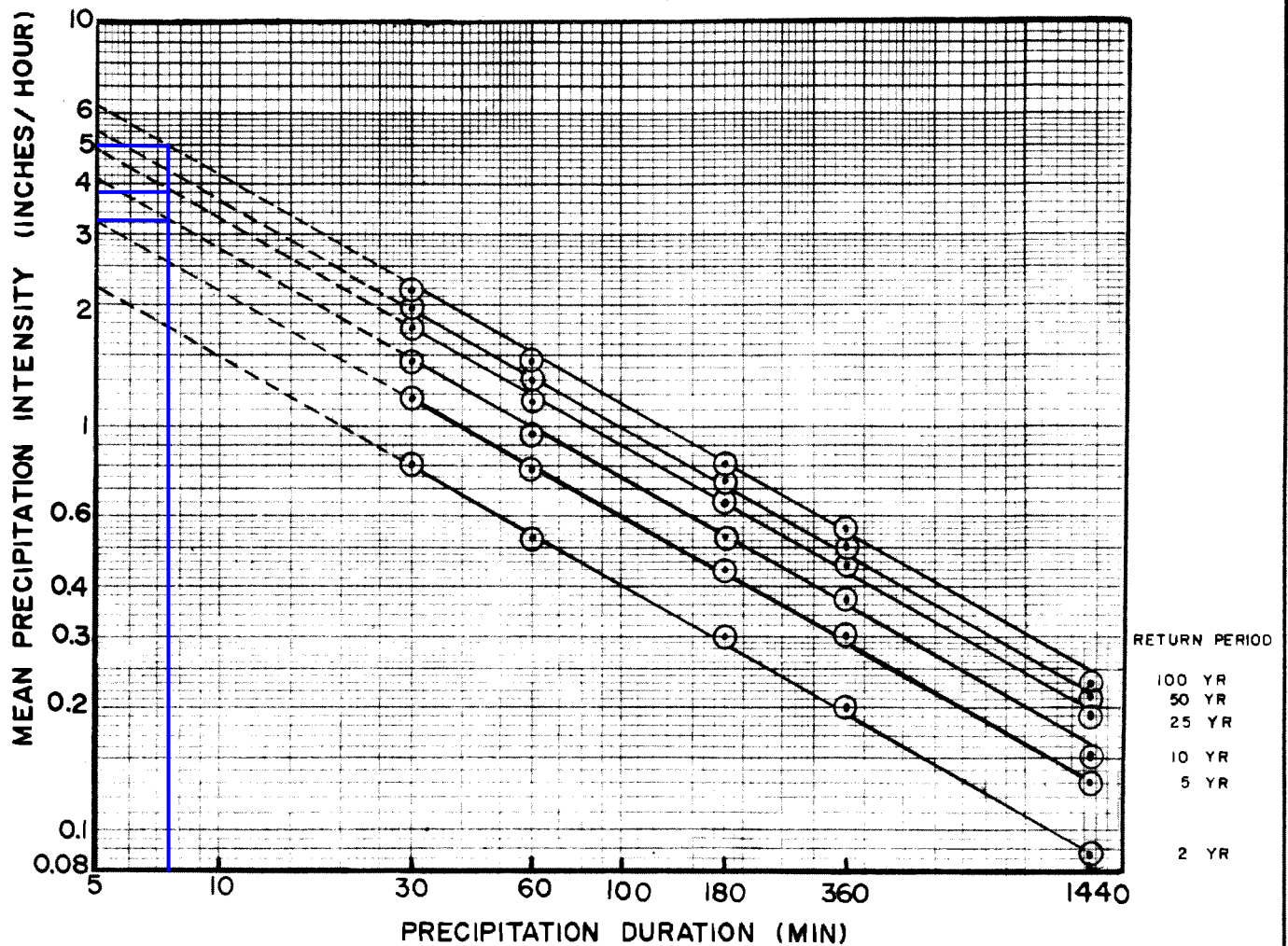
Existing Area X1

For t= 7.3 min

10 yr I= 3.27 in/hr

25 yr I= 3.89 in/hr

100 yr I= 4.98 in/hr



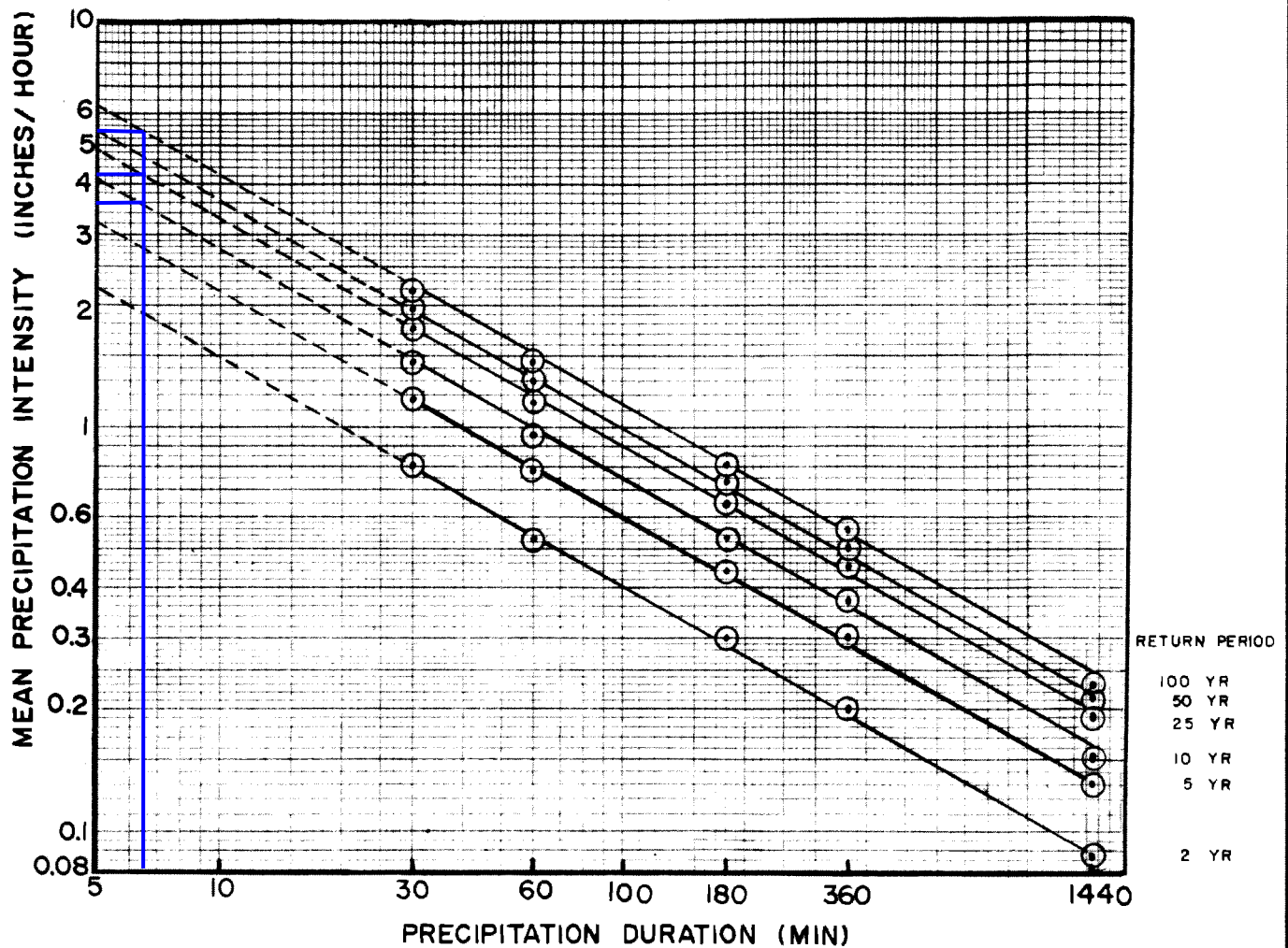
ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

MEAN PRECIPITATION
INTENSITIES FOR
NONMOUNTAINOUS AREAS

Regression Equations: $I(t) = at^b$
 (I= Intensity in inches/hour, t= duration in minutes)

Return Frequency (years)	a	b
2	5.702	-0.574
5	7.870	-0.562
10	10.209	-0.573
25	11.995	-0.566
50	13.521	-0.566
100	15.560	-0.573

Existing Area X2
For t= 6.3 min
 10 yr I=3.56 in/hr
 25 yr I=4.23 in/hr
 100 yr I=5.42 in/hr



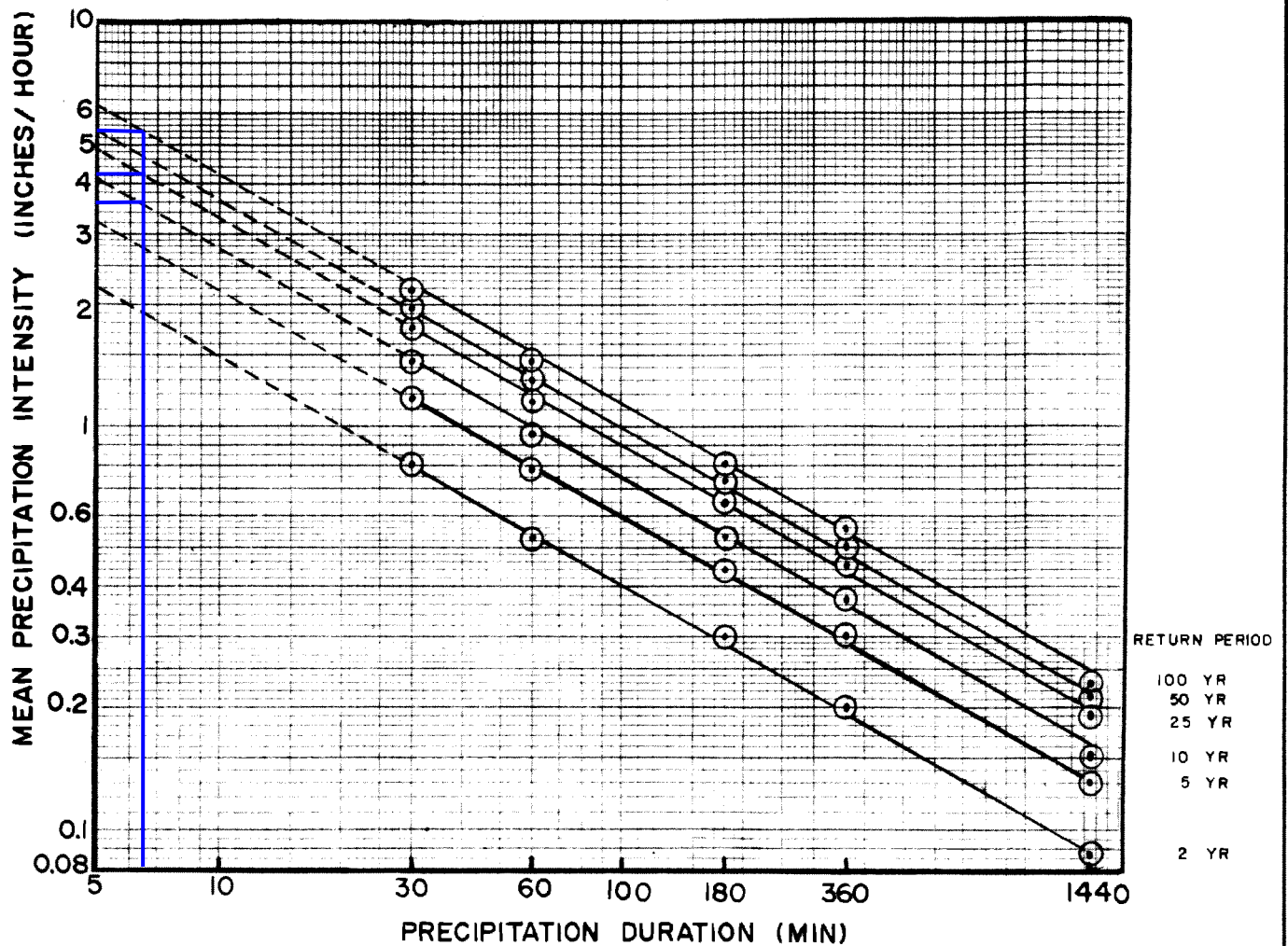
ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

MEAN PRECIPITATION
INTENSITIES FOR
NONMOUNTAINOUS AREAS

Regression Equations: $I(t) = at^b$
 (I= Intensity in inches/hour, t= duration in minutes)

Return Frequency (years)	a	b
2	5.702	-0.574
5	7.870	-0.562
10	10.209	-0.573
25	11.995	-0.566
50	13.521	-0.566
100	15.560	-0.573

Existing Area X3
For t= 6.4min
 10 yr I=3.52 in/hr
 25 yr I=4.19 in/hr
 100 yr I=5.37 in/hr



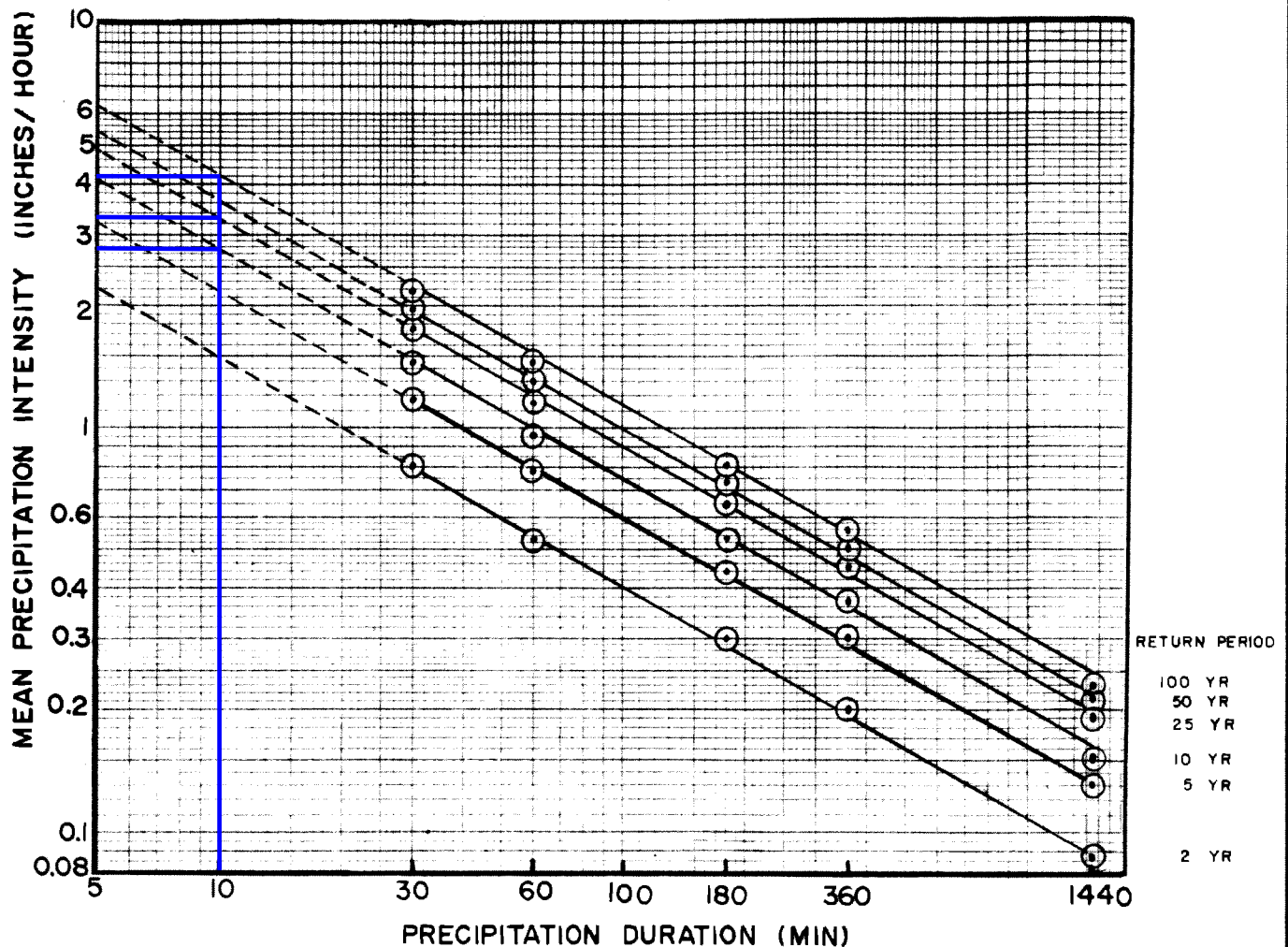
ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

MEAN PRECIPITATION
INTENSITIES FOR
NONMOUNTAINOUS AREAS

Regression Equations: $I(t) = at^b$
 (I= Intensity in inches/hour, t= duration in minutes)

Return Frequency (years)	a	b
2	5.702	-0.574
5	7.870	-0.562
10	10.209	-0.573
25	11.995	-0.566
50	13.521	-0.566
100	15.560	-0.573

Proposed Area A
For t= 10.0 min
 10 yr I=2.73 in/hr
 25 yr I=3.26 in/hr
 100 yr I=4.16 in/hr



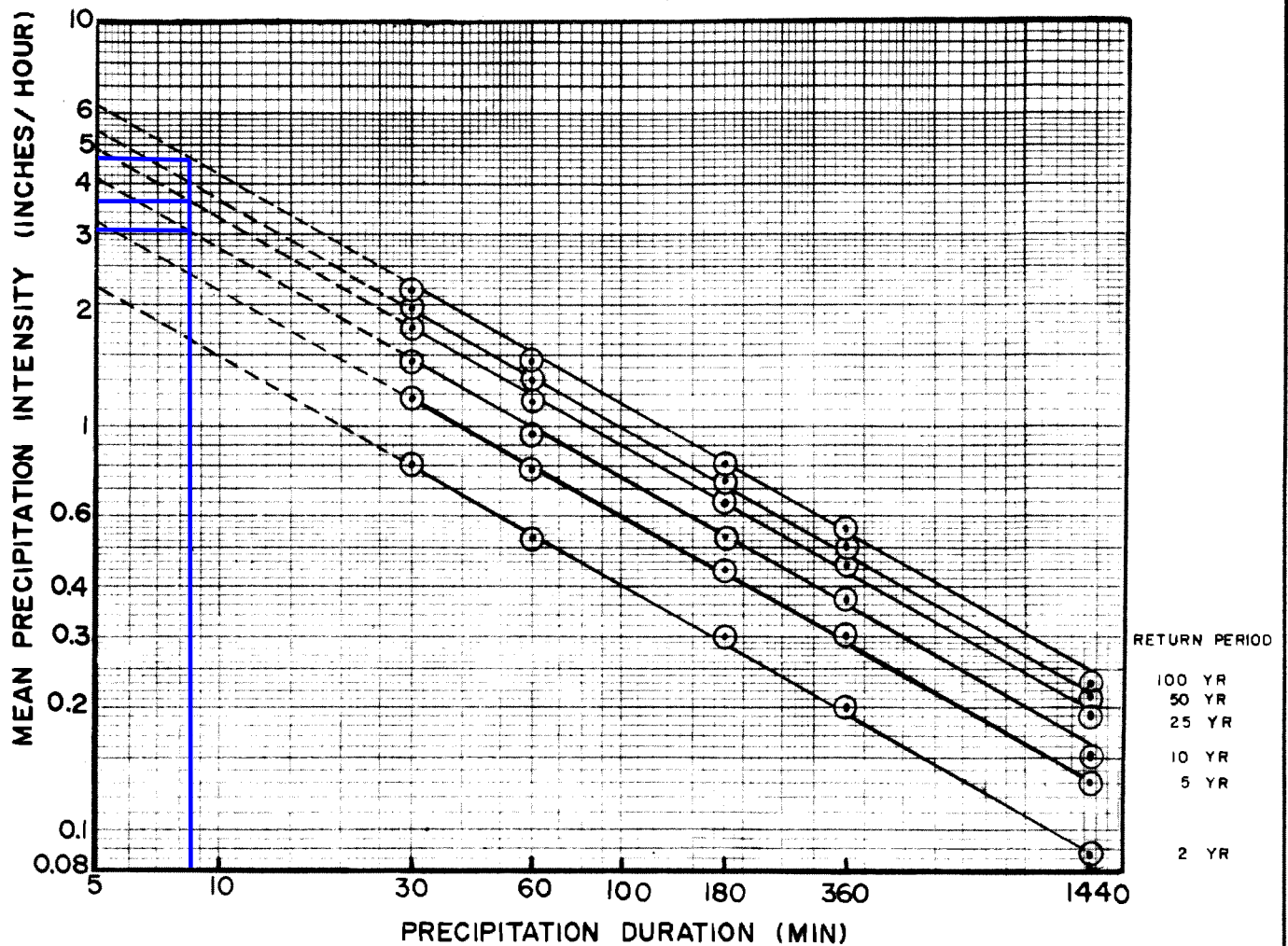
ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

MEAN PRECIPITATION
INTENSITIES FOR
NONMOUNTAINOUS AREAS

Regression Equations: $I(t) = at^b$
 (I= Intensity in inches/hour, t= duration in minutes)

Return Frequency (years)	a	b
2	5.702	-0.574
5	7.870	-0.562
10	10.209	-0.573
25	11.995	-0.566
50	13.521	-0.566
100	15.560	-0.573

Proposed Area B
For t= 7.9 min
 10 yr I=3.12 in/hr
 25 yr I=3.72 in/hr
 100 yr I=4.76 in/hr



ORANGE COUNTY
HYDROLOGY MANUAL

MEAN PRECIPITATION
INTENSITIES FOR
NONMOUNTAINOUS AREAS

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Figure D-4

[illegible]

D-14

Figure D-4

[illegible]

Figure D-4

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D-14

Figure D-4

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Figure D-4

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Figure D-4